

## INSERT UNSORTED

### **Insert Unsorted ( ):**

**Description:** Here **A** is a sorted linear array with **N** elements. **LOC** is the location where **ITEM** is to be inserted.

1. Set  $I = N$  [Initialize counter]
2. Repeat While ( $I \geq LOC$ )
3.     Set  $A[I+1] = A[I]$  [Move elements downward]
4.     Set  $I = I - 1$  [Decrease counter by 1]  
    [End of While Loop]
5. Set  $A[LOC] = ITEM$  [Insert element]
6. Set  $N = N + 1$  [Reset N]
7. Exit

**Explanation:** Here **A** is an unsorted array stored in memory with **N** elements. This algorithm inserts a data element **ITEM** into the  $loc^{th}$  position in an array **A**. The first four steps create space in **A** by moving downward the elements of **A**. These elements are moved in reverse order i.e. first  $A[N]$ , then  $A[N-1]$ ,  $A[N-2]$ , . . . . and last  $A[LOC]$ , otherwise data will be overwritten. We first set  $I=N$  and then, using **I** as a counter, decrease it each time the loop is executed until **I** reaches **LOC**. In the next step, Step 5, it inserts **ITEM** into the array in the space just created. And at last, the total number of elements **N** is increased by 1.