

QUICK SORT

Quick Sort (A, BEG, END):

Description: Here **A** is an unsorted array having **N** elements. **BEG** is the lower bound and **END** is the upper bound.

1. If ($BEG < END$) then
2. Find the element that divides the array into two parts using subfunction **Partition()**.
3. Quick Sort (Left Half)
4. Quick Sort (Right Half)
- [End of If]
5. Exit

Partition ():

1. Set $LEFT = BEG$, $RIGHT = END$ and $LOC = BEG$
2. Beginning with the element pointed by **RIGHT**, scan the array from right to left, comparing each element with the element pointed by **LOC** until:
 - (a) Element smaller than the element pointed by **LOC** is found.
 - (b) Interchange elements pointed by **LOC** and **RIGHT**.
 - (c) If **RIGHT** becomes equal to **LOC**, terminate the subfunction **Partition ()**.
3. Beginning with the element pointed by **LEFT**, scan the array from left to right, comparing each element with the element pointed by **LOC** until:
 - (a) Element greater than the element pointed by **LOC** is found.
 - (b) Interchange elements pointed by **LOC** and **LEFT**.
 - (c) If **LEFT** becomes equal to **LOC**, terminate the subfunction **Partition ()**.
4. Exit